Curriculum Coherence – Year 2 Drama			
Term 1	Using drama to explore life experie	nces – Friendships – Speaking and I	istening Focus
Prior Learning/Starting Point: Build	ding on year 1 work on Freeze fram	ne, draw on experiences of role	olay and storytelling.
INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION		IMPACT
NC OBJECTIVES/KNOWLEDGE:	ACTIVITIES		OUTCOMES
<ul> <li>Pupils will:</li> <li>That different parts of the UK have different traditions related to drama</li> <li>Drama can be used to teach historical info e.g., often special dates are celebrated using performances, Diwali Christmas, Saints Days</li> </ul>	- Role-play - Act out scenarios linked to Life learning – friendships getting on/falling out - Extended Freeze framing – extend to add dimensions e.g., before/after/slow motion. Link freeze frames together. This could help explore how we can jump to conclusions linked to Life learning -10 second objects - Guided Reading groups explore fluency and expression		PUPILS will know How to change their voice when performing How to use their body to express ideas/feelings  Will be able to:  Can speak audibly and fluently in front of an audience of varying sizes and is beginning to respond to the needs of the audience e.g., projects voice, speaks with added clarity.  Identify with characters real or fictional and explore what it is like to be another person through a range of drama activities.  Will understand  Where to stand on stage when performing
	CHALLENGE BY: Pupils to be given challenging scenarios to wrestle with. Use museum artwork to explore different scenarios Discuss real life dilemmas High quality drama in Christmas production and target specific children with roles to stretch them.	SUPPORT BY:  Pre-teach vocabulary  Use dolls or similar to act out or model ideas.  Model drama techniques  Offer quieter places or alternate activities to help support access to drama  Strategic pairing, matching children with more confident partners	Other people share feelings and emotions similar to our own.  LINKS TO LATER LEARNING: Key Stage 1: Continue to use dramatic techniques to explore different curriculum areas.  Key Stage 2: Continue to use dramatic techniques to explore different curriculum areas expanding techniques and using skills with increasing confidence.
VOCABULARY: Actor, Project, pronounce, fluently, intonation, emphasis,	RICH READING OPPORTUNITITY:		LINKS TO OTHER CURRICULUM AREAS WITHIN YEAR GROUP:  Life Learning- exploring friendship dilemmas and developing strategies to help. Gain emotional understanding via drama.  Computing – Use learning from drama/Life learning for stimulus to create book.
Develop fluency when speaking and reading aloud     Use of wider vocabulary in order to express ideas more clearly     Use breath to help project voice     Listen to others     Take turns when performing     Begin to vary lilt and intonation in voice to create expression     Reflect and start to imagine feelings of others     Develop understanding of meanings of words     imagine and explore ideas     speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English     use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising,     participate in discussions, performances, mainly supported by adults     Use of technology to explore dramatic performance	Do children know any of the ancient transport links in the town?     Can pupils identify how the town has changed considerably over time?     Can children identify reasons why the transport links within the town changed and can they suggest ways that would impact the town today?     Can pupils compare and contrast modern day Shefford with Shefford from the past?  KEY QUESTIONS     What might that person be feeling?     How would you feel in this situation?     What different ways could you respond?		SMSC THREAD: Social: Appreciate rights and responsibilities. Moral: Think through consequences of their own and others' actions. Spiritual: Show respect for themselves and others Cultural: Appreciates diversity  VALUES: Unity, Belonging PREPARATION FOR ADULTHOOD: Conflict resolution

#### Curriculum Coherence - Year 2 Drama

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Events beyond Living Memory - The Great Fire of London, Titanic - Performance Poetry

#### PRIOR LEARNING AND STARTING POINTS:

Build on prior work on role play to explore THREAD work. Develop Role play and hot seating. Knowledge of previous topic work should inform work.

# INTENT NC OBJECTIVES/KNOWLEDGE:

#### Pupils will:

- Performance Poetry is poetry that's intended to be performed in front of an audience. This takes poetry off the page and onto the stage, with a focus on using different tones, actions and improvisation to bring the work to life.
- You need to use specific reading skills when performing a poem or story.
- Throughout time periods drama was a popular form of entertainment although there would be class distinctions.
- Competitions, where poets compete reading their poetry aloud are a popular way to get political, social and emotional messages out.

#### IMPLEMENTATION

#### **ACTIVITIES**

- Role-play to explore and retell historical events /use immersive room to support role play
- Hot-seating
- -True/false describe a historical artefact is it a true description or a false one? How do you know?
- -Guided Reading develop fluency and diction
- Assembly Performance
- use dramatisations of Key events use these to explore dramatic techniques e.g. Why has the music changed here? How is the actor showing his feelings?
- -Role play using Themed day (Titanic tea party)
- Film news report about the Titanic/GFOL
- <a href="https://www.puffinschools.co.uk/resources/ks2-video-how-to-perform-poems-with-michael-rosen-6-mins/">https://www.puffinschools.co.uk/resources/ks2-video-how-to-perform-poems-with-michael-rosen-6-mins/</a>

This video is by Michael Rosen about how to perform a poem

- Perform a poem they have written.
- Soundscapes
- Role-on-The-Wall In the outline of a body, words or phrases are written to describe a character from a given scene (Linked to GFOL or Titanic)

## OUTCOMES

#### **PUPILS will know**

How to change their voice when performing How to use their body to express ideas/feelings

#### will be able to

- Can speak audibly and fluently in front of an audience of varying sizes and is beginning to respond to the needs of the audience e.g., projects voice, speaks with added clarity.
- Can memorise and perform a poem with expression.
- Has broadened vocabulary, storytelling abilities and abilities to express themselves in a range of different activities.

#### will understand

 Performing a poem helps to convey a message to the audience.

#### **CHALLENGE BY:**

- Level of poetry can provide challenge
- Create challenging scenarios for role play
- Independent input for assembly

#### SUPPORT BY:

- Pre-teach vocabulary
- Use dolls or similar to act out or model ideas.
- Model drama techniques
- Offer quieter places or alternate activities to help support access to drama
- Strategic pairing, matching children with more confident partners
   Spend time teaching lines
- Spend time teaching lines for assembly in school

#### LINKS TO LATER LEARNING:

#### Key Stage 1:

Continue to use dramatic techniques to explore different curriculum areas.

#### Key Stage 2:

Continue to use dramatic techniques to explore different curriculum areas expanding techniques and using skills with increasing confidence.

## LINKS TO OTHER CURRICULUM AREAS WITHIN YEAR GROUP:

Life learning – explore feelings and ways to stay safe using hot -seating.

History – explore impact and feelings linked to historical events using role play/mime. Explore social messages of performance poetry.

English – Develop fluency through exploring how to perform poems.

#### VOCABULARY:

improvisation, role, speaker, script, theatre – stage, wings, backstage, dressing rooms

#### RICH READING OPPORTUNITITY:





#### SKILLS:

- Develop fluency when speaking and reading aloud
- Use of wider vocabulary in order to express ideas more clearly
- Use breath to help project voice
- Listen to others

### ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES:

- Can pupils apply knowledge of historical events by reenacting them? Are there any misconceptions?
- Can pupils apply performance techniques when reading aloud?
   Do they use their breath, can they use expression in their voice?
- Can they adapt skills to match audience?

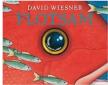
# SMSC THREAD: Social: Share views and opinions with others. Moral: Respect other's needs, interests and feelings, as well as their own. Spiritual: Show creativity and expression. Cultural: Understands the influences which shape their own cultural heritage. VALUES: Quality, Courage PREPARATION FOR ADULTHOOD: KEY QUESTIONS Key Questions: What do you need to remember when reading aloud? Who is your audience? How do you think they felt? How would you react? Do you like that \_\_\_? Why?

Public speaking skills



Victorian Seaside Holidays - Stage performance using puppets Term 3

PRIOR LEARNING AND STARTING POINTS:								
Building on previous work using drama strategies. Drama strategies should be dynamic growing with children's experience. Link to other arts and create connections with								
		o inform drama. Develop experience o						
INTENT  NC OBJECTIVES/KNOWLEDGE: Pupils will:  Punch and Judy was a popular entertainment since 9 May 1662, it gained popularity during the Restoration period. Especially prevalent by the sea  Seasides are traditional venues for entertainment e.g., end of the pier entertainment. These theatres are variety based.  Minnack is a theatre cut into the stone in Cornwall	IMPLEMENTATION  ACTIVITIES  - Guided Reading to develop fluency and expressionMake and perform a Puppet show - Learn about the history of puppets - link weather to emotions  - Soundscapes  Role-on-The-Wall - In the outline of a body, words or phrases are written to describe a character from a given scene		PUPILS will know How to change their voice when performing How to use their body to express ideas/feelings  will be able to  - Can speak audibly and fluently in front of an audience of varying sizes and is beginning to respond to the needs of the audience e.g., projects voice, speaks with added clarity.  - Identify with characters real or fictional and explore what it is like to be another person through a range of drama activities.  - Has broadened vocabulary, storytelling abilities and abilities to express themselves in a range of different activities.  - Can memorise and perform a poem/line with expression Perform using a puppet.					
			will understand That they can use another object for dramatic effect e.g., a puppet, cartoon etc					
	CHALLENGE BY:  Allow pupils to research own information about puppets  Write own play	Pre-teach vocabulary     Use dolls or similar to act out or model ideas.     Model drama techniques     Offer quieter places or alternate activities to help support access to drama     Strategic pairing, matching children with more confident partners	LINKS TO LATER LEARNING: Key Stage 1: Continue to use dramatic techniques to explore different curriculum areas.  Key Stage 2: Continue to use dramatic techniques to explore different curriculum areas expanding techniques and using skills with increasing confidence.					
VOCABULARY: Actor, Project, pronounce, fluently, intonation, emphasis, improvisation, role, speaker, script, theatre – stage, wings, backstage, dressing rooms	RICH READING OPPORTUNITITY:  DAVID WIESNER		LINKS TO OTHER CURRICULUM AREAS WITHIN YEAR GROUP: Geography – Where do puppet shows originate? Puppets from around the world. English – Use puppets to write and re-enact texts DT – Puppets					



## SKILLS:

- Begin to vary lilt and intonation in voice to create expression
- Reflect and start to imagine feelings of others
- Develop understanding of meanings of words
- imagine and explore ideas
- speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English

#### SMSC THREAD:

Social: Share views and opinions with others.

Moral: Respect other's needs, interests, and feelings, as well as their own.

Spiritual: Show creativity and expression.

<u>Cultural:</u> Understands the influences which shape their

own cultural heritage.

**VALUES:** Happiness

## ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES:

- Puppet show, what skills and knowledge are pupils demonstrating?
- Can children retell a story using puppets?

### **KEY QUESTIONS**

- What do you need to remember when performing?
- What story are you going to retell? How can you improve your performance?

Music- Find music to accompany puppet show History: History of puppets, different puppets

PREPARATION FOR ADULTHOOD: Public speaking	