Curriculum Coherence – Year 4 Computing



Term 3	Programming - LOGO	
Previous Learning: Chn have programmed using block based code and created their own algorithms.		
INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION	IMPACT
ProgrammingCreat-Chn will understand the language of Logo and input simple instructions into Logo.LOGO- Use Logo to create a series of different 2D and rectilinear shapes (Maths Objective Link)LOGO- Understand the 'repeat' function to create shapes efficiently.will lesso- Understand how to use the language of code and compare it to block code.will lessoVOCABULARY Code, program, debug, algorithm, Turtle, block down, command, repeat, decomposition, angles, degreesuse t readi Lesso Chall	ACTIVITIES Creating an effective animation Lesson 1 – WALT: understand the language of LOGO The chn will use LOGO, tinkering to learn the text based language of LOGO. Chn will follow simple instructions and code to program effectively. Lesson 2 – WALT: create shapes in LOGO. The chn will learn how to program and create different shapes within LOGO experimenting with different angles. Lesson 3 – WALT: use the repeat function. Chn will use the repeat function to efficiently create different shapes and predict the outcome from reading different code.	OUTCOMES Creating an animation PUPILS will know - Common instructions in Logo and how to program them. - How to change the colour of the pen and understand PU and PD commands - How to write text using label commands - How to write text using label commands - Write procedures using simple algorithms - Fill shapes in different colours - Draw arcs and shapes of different sizes will understand - - The difference between block and text
	Lesson 4 – WALT: use procedures. The chn will experiment with different procedures within LOGO. Chn will create their own procedures to draw shapes. Lesson 5/6 – Chn will explore the Logoators Challenges applying their new skills from the unit.	 How to predict outcomes using code Efficient ways to code using different functions.
 SKILLS Logic – to predict and analyse Make steps and rules for their algorithms Evaluate their own and others' code to help improve their design Abstraction – remove unnecessary detail to solve a problem Patterns – spotting patterns and similarities Decomposition – Breaking problems down into parts 		NEXT STEPS IN LEARNING Chn will revisit coding and move into Java and Python coding.
 Tinkering – experimenting and playing Creating – design and make new patterns and designs 	Code-IT Prayant Code Code-IT Prayant Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Code	

Maths – Angles, Position and direction. 2D Shapes