

The United Kingdom and Beyond

PRIOR LEARNING AND STARTING POINTS:

Term 1

Year One: Pupils have used world maps, atlases and globes to identify the seven continents of the world and identify the five oceans. They are beginning to understand similarities and differences through studying the physical geography of different continents. Pupils have studied some of the features of their local area.

similarities and differences through studyin			
INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION		ІМРАСТ
NC OBJECTIVES/KNOWLEDGE:	ACTIVITIES:		OUTCOMES:
Pupils will:	 Locating and labelling the UK (four countries) on a 		PUPILS WILL KNOW:
• develop knowledge about the world,	map (world map and then U	K map).	• the names, location and characteristics of the four
the United Kingdom and their	Create a postcard from Lond		countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its
locality.	country and city.		surrounding seas.
 name, locate and identify 			PUPILS WILL BE ABLE TO:
-	0	the 4 OK countries on	
characteristics of the four countries	a map		······································
and capital cities of the UK and its	Research some characteristic		country
surrounding seas.	the UK (e.g. national animal/	flower/famous	 use a map or globe.
 understand basic subject-specific 	landmarks/famous people, e	tc.)	PUPILS WILL UNDERSTAND:
vocabulary relating to human and	Case study on an area of a co	ountry from a non-	• similarities and differences between the four countries of
physical geography and begin to use	European country.		the United Kingdom
geographical skills, including first-	Compare an area of Britain w	vith a non-European	 similarities and differences between the
hand observation, to enhance their	country and identify the simi	-	UK and another country
locational awareness.			•
 understand geographical similarities 	CHALLENGE BY:	SUPPORT BY:	LINKS TO LATER LEARNING:
	Pupils to research their	 Pre-teach 	Key Stage 1:
and differences through studying	own landmarks in Britain	vocabulary	Year 2, Spring Term: Further map and atlas work, comparing
the human and physical geography	and beyond to make	 Use visual 	oceans and seas.
of a small area of the United	comparisons with	prompts and	Key Stage 2:
Kingdom, and of a small area in a	EL work together to	props to support	Pupils will: locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on
contrasting non-European country	present to rest of class on	learning of new	Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South
• use basic geographical vocabulary to	country or landmark	ideas	
refer to key physical and human		Verbally giving	America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key
features.			physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities;
		answers	name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom,
			geographical regions and their identifying human and physical
VOCABULARY:	RICH READING OPPORTUNITITY:		characteristics, key topographical features (including hills,
United Kingdom, London, Scotland,	Poems by Benjamin Zephanii	ah	mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and
Edinburgh, Wales, Cardiff, Northern	We are		understand how some of these aspects have changed over
Ireland, Belfast, Europe, Africa, Asia,	Britain	9	time; understand geographical similarities and differences
Australia, North America, South America,	RRA	R	through the study of human and physical geography of a region
Antarctica, Atlantic Ocean, Pacific Ocean,			of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a
Southern Ocean, Indian Ocean and Arctic			region within North or South America
Ocean. Map, atlas, globe, city, town,			_
ocean. Map, allas, globe, city, town,			
villago country			LINKS TO LATER LEARNING: NEXT PHASES:
village, country			Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their
Higher Level Vocabulary:			Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and
	Notingan and Provide De		Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and human features; extend their locational knowledge and deepen
Higher Level Vocabulary: Contrast, industry, urban, rural, climate	Notingary de Protecto Per		Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and
Higher Level Vocabulary:	ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES:		Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and human features; extend their locational knowledge and deepen
Higher Level Vocabulary: Contrast, industry, urban, rural, climate	ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES: • Are pupils able to identify the	e 4 countries of the UK,	Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and human features; extend their locational knowledge and deepen their spatial awareness of the world's countries using maps of
Higher Level Vocabulary: Contrast, industry, urban, rural, climate			Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and human features; extend their locational knowledge and deepen their spatial awareness of the world's countries using maps of the world to focus on Africa, Russia, Asia (including China and India), and the Middle East, focusing on their environmental
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 Higher Level Vocabulary: Contrast, industry, urban, rural, climate <u>SKILLS:</u> Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom, 5 oceans and continents. 	Are pupils able to identify the their capital cities and some a some and some a s	significant landscapes	Key Stage 3: Pupils should consolidate and extend their knowledge of the world's major countries and their physical and human features; extend their locational knowledge and deepen their spatial awareness of the world's countries using maps of the world to focus on Africa, Russia, Asia (including China and India), and the Middle East, focusing on their environmental regions, including polar and hot deserts, key physical and human characteristics, countries and major cities; understand
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